

SCOTT COUNTY NEWSBOY.

PHIL. A. HAFNER, Publisher.

TERMS.

Per Year, in Advance, \$1.00
Less than a Year, per Month, 10c.

We are authorized to announce the following candidates for office in Scott County, subject to the Democratic primary election, to be held Tuesday, August 21, 1904:

For Representative,
ALBERT DREIGN,
JNO. E. MARSHALL.
For Sheriff,
E. A. JOHNSON,
SAMUEL TANNER,
W. H. BATES.
For Collector,
W. H. REISSER,
SILAS W. WHITE.
For County Clerk,
CHAS. S. STONE,
JAMES MCPHERTERS,
E. P. ELLIS.
For Prosecuting Attorney,
MILO G. GRESHAM.
For Assessor,
A. W. FIZER,
ALLEN J. HARRISON,
W. D. GODARD,
THOMPSON SCHIERER.
For Recorder,
THOS. F. HINKLE,
JOHN M. LEITCH.
For Treasurer,
R. F. ALLEN.
For Probate Judge,
CHAS. A. LEEDY.
For Circuit Clerk,
FRED. COFFMAN.
For President Judge County Court,
WM. F. FREED.
W. H. BEGG.
For Associate Judge County Court—1st Dist.,
JAMES F. EVANS.
For Associate Judge County Court—2nd Dist.,
JULIUS ALBRECHT.

The President of the French republic was assassinated on Sunday night by a young Italian named Cesare Giovanni Santo, who, while M. Carnot was on his way to the theater in Lyons, sprung upon the step of his carriage and stabbed him fatally. The International Exhibition at Lyons was the occasion of the President's visit to the city, and there he was committed during the program of entertainments provided in honor of the first citizen of the French republic. The motive of the assassin has not been revealed. The fellow may be an anarchist or merely a crank. In either case the Shakespearean saying, "Unweary lies the head that wears a crown" would serve to apply with even greater force to heads which rule republics. We have lost two Presidents by assassination; Caprioli, the German Chancellor had a narrow escape recently. It is more than probable that there are to-day in Washington cranks who would assassinate Mr. Cleveland for some reason purely imaginary. There are two dangers which threaten all men in power—the anarchist and the crank. Of the two the crank is perhaps the most to be feared as there is no way to foresee his irresponsible action. The anarchist we hope to be able to extirpate root and branch.

Surprises in the science of electricity are all but impossible, as the science itself has taught us that in it the unexpected is likeliest to happen. It is now being demonstrated that the use of wires is to a greater or less extent unnecessary, and Tesla holds out the hope that we may be able to telegraph across the oceans without the aid of cables. It is possible to detach a telephone receiver from the wire, remove it fifty or more feet and still take of the messages. This opens up a curious field of speculation. In cities where telephone wires make networks like spider webs the circumambient air must be full of messages. Supposing you buy a receiver and listen. You are within fifty feet of a dozen wires and may steal the messages. And other complications may suggest themselves in the same connection.

The adverse criticism of the metropolitan press on Mr. Stead's book "If Christ came to Chicago," is easily accounted for when you read the book. Mr. Stead charges that when a great metropolitan newspaper too freely criticizes the plutocrats, trusts or municipal corporations, these powers buy a controlling interest in such paper and apply the gag. He further charges that the sums donated by millionaires to colleges and universities are making these institutions servile to the money power and that professors who venture to tell too much of the truth about economic questions have a very uncertain tenure of office. All of which goes to show that there is nothing sacred to the plutocrat, from the pulpit downward—nothing but gold.

The silver plank in the Ohio Republican platform might have been written by a Colorado mine owner. The Lodge-Reed plan of dealing with silver is also a Republican bid for Democratic votes. When the English Tories passed a reform bill of which the Liberals were the real authors, John Bright said that the Tories caught the Liberals in bathing and stole their clothes. Is this new Republican leaning to silver an attempt to play a similar trick on the Democratic party?

At De Soto on Tuesday the Democratic Congressional convention of the Thirteenth District nominated Hon. James D. Fox on the first ballot. They chose a good man.

ONE of the few good points about the present hard times is that they have reduced immigration from Europe by about two-thirds of its volume. When the present troubles are over the demand for labor is likely to exceed the supply, and then we shall see how much more surely the great economic law of supply and demand acts in the raising of wages than does Protection. The protection we most need is protection from such hordes of Hungarians, Poles and Bohemians as were the cause of the coal strike and the cause of its failure.

The wheat crop in Scott county is a two-thirds crop or less. Meantime the prices for the cereal show no sign of improvement. Indeed, any change is more likely to be against than in favor of wheat. The Russians have a surplus and every warehouse in the great wheat belt there is full of idle grain. How long is it going to take our farmers to get out of the ruts? Surely they can turn their land to more profitable account than the culture of a crop which neither tariff or other legislation can make pay reasonable compensation to the grower.

A GRANDSON of Gen. Hancock has been rejected as a cadet at West Point because he lacked five pounds of the regulation weight. His brain probably weighs as much as half a dozen of those of the contemptible snobs who recently socially ignored a graduate who married a good girl from beyond the pale of their snobocracy. If the rejected youth will come to Scott county during our melon season we will see to it that he gains more than that lacking five pounds avoirdupois.

The bond investment companies, which are in reality lotteries, have been victorious over our Attorney General in the State Supreme court, which holds that their franchises are all right as the law now stands. The law will have to be amended. In the meantime the Attorney General will probably proceed against the companies for misusing their franchises by doing a business that is not whit better than that of the Louisiana Lottery Company.

Those Senators who have denied having any pecuniary interest whatever in the sugar trust have none of them offered to the country any explanation of how they came to be largely favor that trust. In the absence of such explanation they must really excuse the people if they still suspect the presence of a descendant of Ham among the sugar barrel staves.

The English press is severe on the Lynch law which has dealt with as they deserved so many negro and even white brutes in the South. If the negro rapists should ever encounter an English mob he would have good reason to wish himself back in Dixie, where hanging or shooting is about the worst that could befall him. An English mob would flay him alive.

Mr. Wilson, author of the Wilson Tariff bill, has been tendered the presidency of a Virginia college. The mutilation beyond recognition of his handwork might tempt any man to quit fooling with the buzz-saw of politics. Nobody need blame him if he should prefer the shade of academe to groves to the stifling atmosphere of Washington politics.

The Kansas Populists have made a good bid for female influence, having endorsed woman suffrage. As the Republicans had simply ignored the women and also prohibition, the Populists have doubtless captured a great amount of female eloquence in the shape of certain lectures to sleepy men—which will go in at one ear and out at the other.

At present it is the New York city ring and police department that are under the fire of investigation, but our other big cities are probably all in a like rotten condition. Perhaps the New York revelations will prompt enquiry into "ways that are dark and tricks that are vain" among the police in all cities of 10,000 and upward population.

The Chinese propose to celebrate the 60th birthday of their Empress Dowager. There's nothing small about the Chinese—only the girls' feet. The celebration is to cost something like seventy-five million dollars. How's that for high?

FRANCE will reap one benefit from the tragedy of last Sunday. She will mourn her murdered President as she never had cause to mourn any of her monarchs, and the cause of a republican form of government will thus be strengthened.

That our United States Senators should be chosen directly by the voice of the people instead of the State legislatures is more and more obvious every day. The Illinois Democrats will take the initiative. The Chicago Herald says: "The people will name the Senator for the Democratic party in the State convention."

WHO IS A MISSOURIAN?

From the Dunklin Democrat.

The Columbia Herald believes that the Missourian is entitled to the best things in Missouri. It does not think the state should honor, other conditions being equal, imported talent rather than her own sons and daughters. It has not yet found special virtue in any individual simply because he came from another commonwealth.

It may be profitable to define a Missourian. The definition is not difficult. A Missourian is a citizen of Missouri who is in sympathy with the people of the state, proud of its history, ambitious for its prosperity, and sincerely concerned in its welfare. He is not necessarily born in the state. He may have been born anywhere on the globe, but he is here to stay. He may only have been a resident of the state long enough to vote, and yet be as truly a Missourian in warp and wool and mental fiber as though he was to the manor born. Birth or long residence is not essential. Indeed we are acquainted with people who have lived in Missouri fifty years who are still Virginians, Kentuckians, New Yorkers, and there are some who were born in the state who are out of sympathy with all things that the true Missourians love and honor.

This Missourian will not eternally prate of the superiority of other states, of their institutions, their laws, their people and their customs. He will not regard the citizens of his native or adopted state as more uncultured, more ignorant and less progressive than others in Massachusetts or Ohio or Virginia. While he will not claim that all that is in Missouri is good, neither will he assert that the state is wholly given over to the heathen and barbarian whom it is his mission to civilize and redeem. Whenever he sees wrong he will seek to correct as one would redeem a brother from error. He will no more blazon to the world the sins and shortcomings of the people of his state to gloat over them than he would exhibit the skeleton in his own closet for revenue.

The genuine Missourian does not live in the state simply to make all the money he can. He is not an American Chinaman. He takes a deep interest in its people because he is one of them. Missouri is always first in his thoughts and plans. He has true state pride and is always ready and anxious to stand up for Missouri anywhere and everywhere. He believes in the commonwealth and with knowledge of the past, interest in the present and hope for the future, can give an intelligent reason for the faith that is in him.

The Truth of It.

Sugar King Havemeyer has testified before the Senate bribery investigating committee, and boldly confessed nearly everything charged by the newspaper correspondents. He admitted that the trusts made contributions to the State campaign funds, always to the majority—in New York to the Democrats, and in Massachusetts to the Republicans. When asked whether he ever contributed to the minority, he promptly answered: "No; for what good would it be to give to the minority that could do us no good." When asked if the trust did not raise the price of sugar to the poor people, the millionaire unhesitatingly replied: "Of course we did. That is the way to make money." Being interrogated as to whether the trust had not endeavored to control legislation of Congress with a view of protecting its interests and with a view of making money out of such legislation as might be enacted here, he answered: "Undoubtedly; that is what I have been doing here for."

Havemeyer has told it all. The cat is out of the bag. The smoke has turned into flames. Suspicion has given way to certainty.—St. Louis Chronicle.

As to the Tariff Bill.

From the Ironton Register.
It will not do for the House to pass any bill that the Senate may send to it. There will be a claim made on behalf of the Tariff Barons that the action of Congress is final, and that the business interests of the country will not permit the subject to be reopened, so that the matter had better be fought to a finish now, if it takes ten years. It is all very well to say that all legislation that affects the business of the country is in the nature of compromise, but no compromise that abandons the principle of tariff for the sole purpose of raising revenue will be accepted by the people. We heard during the days of the agitation for the unconditional repeal of the Sherman act, that if Congress would repeal that act without attaching any remedial legislation, it would then be in a position to do something to increase the use of silver for money purposes; when the administration had its way and the Sherman act was repealed, the mask was boldly thrown off, and not only was no remedial legislation attempted, but the gold standard was endorsed. It looks a little like another bunko game was being played.

The Senate will pass a bill of some kind, which, from present appearances, will be quite as much to the taste of the Plutocracy as the McKinley bill; and if the House accepts it, then all Democrats will be required to refrain from criticizing a Democratic measure, in the interest of harmony, and the tariff issue will be shelved. Let the House pass any measure that comes from the Senate which can fairly be construed to be a Tariff Reform measure, but let it block any game to shelve the tariff question until that question is settled right. The cry now is that business prosperity can not return until the tariff question is settled. What is the use of passing a measure that leaves the matter open? The same plea was put forward last summer in regard to the repeal of the Sherman act.

The Plutocracy and its organs proclaimed from the benches and the street corners that if the Sherman law was out of the way, this country

would fairly bubble over with prosperity; but after the repeal these promises did not materialize. Now we hear the same old cry, made for the sole purpose of letting the Tariff Barons keep their stolen goods—"pass the Senate bill and prosperity will return at once and forever!" It is the same bait that was on the hook last summer.

Let the House prove loyal to its trust, and pass a genuine Tariff Reform measure, and throw the burden of accepting or rejecting it upon the Senate, and then come home.

The Missouri State Treasury.

"On April 1, last," says Treasurer Stephens, "I forwarded to the American Exchange National Bank of New York, check for \$66,000 to pay off 6 per cent bonds of the State, which matured on that date. This will make \$414,000 of our 6 per cent debt which we have paid off within the last six months. The constitution only requires the extinguishment of \$250,000 of our debt annually. On January 1 next \$409,000 more of our 6 per cent bonds mature, and there will be enough in the sinking fund to pay them off also. When that amount is taken in there will be outstanding but \$521,000 six per cent State bonds, and just as fast as they mature we will take them up. We understand times are hard and money scarce in some portions of the United States, but not so in Missouri. Missouri is all right, and will have, after the July bonds are paid off a balance in the treasury that will justify a payment to the school children of the State in August of about \$500,000."

"Our fiscal agent wrote me recently that in the event that we did not have money enough to take in the 6 per cent bonds due July 1, they would gladly take them in and carry for us at 3 per cent interest, until such time as we were ready to cancel them. Missouri's reputation as a 'silver State' hasn't hurt her perceptibly in New York, so far as I can observe."—Rural World.

When to Stop Advertising.

An English trade journal once requested a number of its largest advertisers to give their opinions concerning the best time to stop advertising, and the following replies were received:

"When the population ceases to multiply and the generations that crowd on after you and never heard of you, stop coming on."
"When you have convinced everybody whose life will touch yours that you have better goods and lower prices than they can get anywhere else."
"When you perceive it to be the rule that men who never advertise are outstripping their neighbors in the same line of business."

"When men stop making fortunes right in your sight solely through the discreet use of the mighty agent."

"When you can forget the words of the shrewdest and most successful business men concerning the main cause of their prosperity."
"When every man has become so thoroughly a creature of habit that he will certainly buy this year where he bought last year."

"When younger and fresher men in your line cease starting up and using the newspapers in telling the people how much better they can do for them than you can."

"When you had rather have your own way and fail than take advice and win."

"When nobody else thinks it pays to advertise."—Rural World.

CRIMINAL COSTS.

From the Jefferson City Tribune.
The St. Louis Republic suggests as one method of reducing criminal costs the enactment of a law prohibiting the summoning of a number of witnesses to prove one fact. We believe there is a law something to this effect supposed now to be in force. The great difficulty with such a provision is to ascertain beforehand just what a witness will testify to before a jury. The practice is to summon every person who is supposed to know anything about the case. But it is not this feature alone that is responsible for the enormous burden of criminal costs now paid by the state—continuances, changes of venue and poor prosecutions constitute a much greater share.

The suggestion of the Republic, that each criminal case should be docketed for a certain day in place of the general term, is worthy of consideration. In the rural districts of the state it is customary to assign a day of hearing on the general docket, but it does not very often happen that a case is called on the day named.

We feel certain the Republic will endorse the statement that the defense of criminals to-day consists very largely in securing delays. Witnesses are summoned time and again on behalf of the state only to be informed, when the case is called, to report at some future date. When a murder or great crime has been committed and the criminal indicted the very first move of his attorney is to secure a continuance, and if the case is a hard one to defend, and the person to be tried has any means at his command to fight justice, a trial will be avoided as long as possible. This is what makes the criminal cost of the state so burdensome to-day. It is only the poor criminals who are speedily prosecuted.

No More Postal Notes.

After July 1, 1894 no third or fourth class postoffice will issue postal notes. A new system of money orders will be used by which any amount from 1 cent to \$100 can be remitted in one order. The fee for a money order ranges from 3 cents for amounts of \$2.50 and less to 30 cents for \$100. The lowest fee for a money order under the old system was 5 cents, making a reduction of 2 cents in the fee for the smallest amount to be sent. The old fee for \$100 was 45 cents, making a reduction of 15 cents for sending \$100.—Ex.

We are offering Great Inducements to get Your Trade.
A Little Money Obtains Quality and Quantity From our Prime Assortment
Our Stock is New, Stylish, Seasonable and Desirable. Our Prices are so low that you Consider
LIFE WORTH THE LIVING.
"FAMOUS"
Dry Goods and Clothing House, Cape Girardeau,
BOHNSACK & STRATMAN, Proprietors.
Drop into our store and see how easy it is to make satisfactory purchases from a stock selected in the best markets by experience and good judgment. Let us convince you that it is to your interest to trade with us, as we always insure you against overcharge and poor goods.
The Month of June is Noted for SPECIAL BARGAINS!
Every Department is Overflowing with them. Come and bring your Friends.
WE ARE BARGAIN GIVERS
And Promoters of Popular Prices.
REMEMBER THE ADDRESS.
No. 1 Main St., CAPE GIRARDEAU.

An Old Sport Gone.

Charley Miller, one of our oldest citizens, died last evening shortly after 8 o'clock at his residence, Prospect avenue. Deceased had been ill for some time past and his death was not unexpected.

He was a man, although a sport, in whom all who knew him placed implicit confidence in what he said and did. He was loyal to his friends, who were legion.

Years ago he followed the printing business and was an attaché of the St. Louis Republic when it first started. Leaving St. Louis he came to Hot Springs and since living here has followed sporting for a living.

Deceased leaves a wife and one child, a girl of 12 years.

The Sentinel extends its sincerest sympathy to the bereaved relatives.—Hot Springs Sentinel.

Every Man whose watch has been rung out of the bow (ring), by a pickpocket, Every Man whose watch has been damaged by dropping out of the bow, and Every Man of sense who merely compares the old pull-out bow and the new



will exclaim: "Ought to have been made long ago!"
It can't be twisted off the case. Can only be had with Jas. Boss Filled and other cases stamped with this trade mark—
Send for a watch case opener (free).
Keynote Watch Case Co., Philadelphia.

The Newsboy

Accepts advertising with the understanding that we have a larger bona fide circulation than all other papers in the county combined. See!

TIME CARD OF

HOUC'S MISSOURI & ARKANSAS R. R.
GOING WEST.
Leave Commerce 10:30 a. m. Arrive Benton, 11:00 a. m. Arrive Morley, 11:30 a. m.
Leave Commerce 2:30 p. m. Arrive Benton 3:30 p. m. Arrive Morley 4:00 p. m.
GOING EAST.
Leave Morley 12:15 p. m. Arrive Benton 12:30 p. m. Arrive Commerce 1:00 p. m.
Leave Morley 3:30 p. m. Arrive Benton 4:30 p. m. Arrive Commerce 5:15 p. m.
J. H. CROWDER, Supt.

LUMBER YARD

IN BENTON.
Rolen Cannon, Prop'r.
Flooring, Ceiling, Siding and Finishing. Also all kinds of Rough Lumber, such as Joists, Studding, Rafters, Etc.
ESTIMATES FURNISHED.

Steamer New Idlewild.

Leaves Commerce Tuesday and Saturday At 12 O'clock, M.

All Modern Improvements. Lowest Freight rates. Special attention Given to the traveling public.
R. L. DAVIDSON, Master.
ROBT. TAYLOR, Clerk.

STICK'S PRINTERS
COPPER-PLATE
224-226
WALNUT STREET
PRINTING MACHINERY

EDWARD S. LILLY,
HARDWARE
WALL PAPER,
Sash, Doors, Blinds and Screen Doors
A Specialty.
Oils, Paints, Brushes, Guns, Ammunition, Sporting Goods, Glass, Etc.
37 and 39, Main St., Cape Girardeau.

What is all
"THE RACKET"
About did you say?
Why, just this, that
HEISLER & YOUNGWIRTH
Have the very finest display of
SUMMER GOODS
In Sikeston.

POISON
Is often given to people in the shape of inferior drugs which kill where meant to cure. Avoid this by buying all medicines at the store of
ELAM B. MILLS,
at Sikeston, where you will also find a full line of reliable Proprietary Medicines.

S. G. PARKER,
—JEWELER AND OPTICIAN—
Dealer in all makes of American Watches, Ladies' 6 or 8 size, 15 year Boss Case Elgin movement, \$16; Gent's, \$17.50.
SILVER AND SILVERINE
Always in stock at prices to suit customers. Chains, Charms, Lace and Brooch Pins, Solid Gold Wedding Rings, Engagement Rings in all the Latest Styles.
Repairing done in all its branches.
ALL WORK GUARANTEED.
SIKESTON.

Galvanized Iron
HOUSE FRONTS, CORNICES, GUTTERING & SPOUTING.
TIN
Roofing, Guttering & Spouting.
—FURNISHED BY—
Vogel & Brunkhorst,
CAPE GIRARDEAU, MO.
The Cheapest House in Southeast Missouri.
Write For Estimates.

SCOTT COUNTY BANK:
MORLEY, MO.
Capital — \$15,000.
Transact a General Banking Business. Receive Deposits payable on demand, allow interest on deposits left for six months. Loan money at low rates. Buy good notes, buy and sell exchange, make collections and pay taxes for non-residents.
Now, if you have any Money to Deposit much or little, deposit with us. If you borrow borrow of us. If you do any banking business expect to do any, do it with us. Respectfully
B. F. HUNTER, President.
JOHN J. HUNTER, Cashier.
DR. C. C. HARRIS, MORLEY, MO.
Treatment of Diseases of Female Yoneral Disorders and Diseases of Kidneys, Bladder, Throat, etc.
Office Hours—9 a.m. to 12 m. 1 p.m. to 4 p.m.
JOHN L. MILLER,
4 Doors west of Planter's Mill, Cape Girardeau, Mo.
A full line of the Best Liquors and Choice Cigars.
Scott County Trade Solicited.
NOTICE.
The decision of the Supreme Court in the case of Wilson versus Hookwith settles conclusively the title of the Wilson lands. All persons are warned not to cut timber or trespass on any of the vacant lands. Mr. W. W. Ward will look after these vacant lands and will give any information desired.
H. J. CARVELL, Attorney for Florence A. Wilson.

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